

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 2002-250428

DERWENT-WEEK: 200230

COPYRIGHT 2005 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

TITLE: Trench isolation method using sige
epitaxial layer

INVENTOR: CHOI, C J; KIM, C S ; KIM, H S ; KOO, J H

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD[SMSU]

PRIORITY-DATA: 1999KR-0028402 (July 14, 1999)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PAGES	PUB-DATE	MAIN-IPC
KR 2001009810 A		February 5, 2001	N/A
001	H01L 021/76		

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO	APPL-DESCRIPTOR	APPL-NO
KR2001009810A	N/A	1999KR-
0028402	July 14, 1999	

INT-CL (IPC): H01L021/76

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: KR2001009810A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - A trench isolation method using a silicon-
germanium epitaxial layer
is provided to prevent the creation of interstitial silicon
atoms in a silicon
substrate around the trench.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - After a pad oxide layer(12) is
formed on a silicon

substrate(10), a mask pattern(14) is formed thereon to define a trench region. The substrate(10) is then etched to some depth through the mask pattern(14) to form a trench. Thereafter, a silicon-germanium layer(30') is formed in the trench and on the mask pattern(14) by epitaxial growth. In addition, a sidewall oxide layer(34) of silicon oxide is formed on the silicon-germanium layer(30') by thermal oxidation. Here, while the original silicon-germanium layer(31) is thinner, another silicon-germanium layer(32) having a low silicon content is formed between the original silicon-germanium layer(31) and the silicon oxide layer(34). Therefore, interstitial silicon atoms can be hardly created in the substrate(10) around the trench.

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.1/10

DERWENT-CLASS: L03 U11

CPI-CODES: L04-C12C;

EPI-CODES: U11-C08A3;

----- KWIC -----

Basic Abstract Text - ABTX (1):

NOVELTY - A trench isolation method using a silicon-germanium epitaxial layer is provided to prevent the creation of interstitial silicon atoms in a silicon substrate around the trench.

Derwent Accession Number - NRAN (1):

2002-250428



